Anglo-Chinese School (Junior)



BITE-SIZED ASSESSMENT 2 (2021) PRIMARY 3 SCIENCE

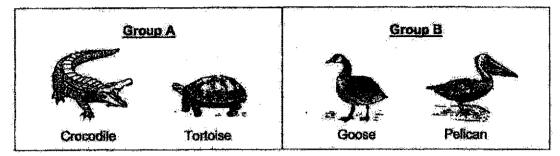
Mor	nday	1	0 May 2021			50 min
Nan	ne:().	Class: 3.()	Parent's Signature:	
INS	TRUCTIONS TO PUPILS					
1	Do not turn over the pages until y	ou a	are told to do	so.		
2	Follow all instructions carefully.					
3	There are 10 questions in this bo	okle	t.			
4	Answer ALL questions.					
K	The marks are given in the brack	ete i	at the end	of ea	ch question or part ques	tion.

Question	Possible	Marks
Paper	Marks	Obtained
Total	30	

This question paper consists of 10 printed pages (inclusive of cover page).

Answer questions 1 to 10 based on the instructions given for each question. The number of marks available is shown in the brackets [] at the end of each question. [30 marks]

1. Charlie classified some animals into groups A and B as follows:



(a)	State the animal group that animals in group A and group B belong to.	[1]
	Group A:	
	Group B:	

(b) Circle the animal that can be placed in group A.



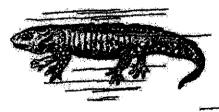
[1]

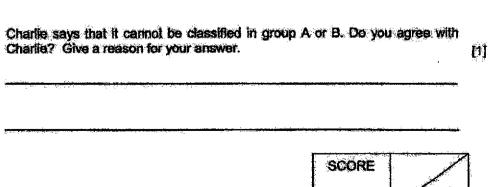


Shark



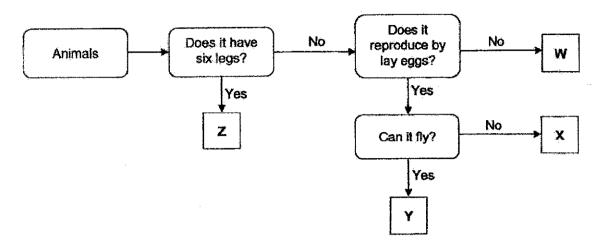
(c) The picture shows a salamender.



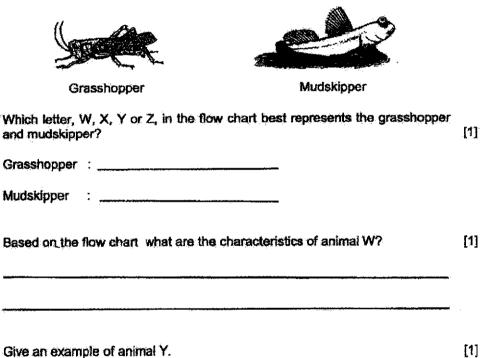


	the statement is true and "F" if the statement is false. Statement T or	
755		
(i)		
(ii		
(îî		
A)	Reptiles do not have a constant body temperature.]
(b	Explain why a spider is not an insect.	[
Sı	plin wrote three clues about animal X. WHAT AM I? I can fly.	
	I live on land. I feed my young with milk.	
(a) Circle animal X.	
	Ostrich Bat Cow	
(b) Which animal group does animal X belong to?	1
(c	Suggest another clue about animal X that is a unique characteristic of its anim group.	nal
	SCORE	

Study the flow chart. 4.



(a) The pictures show a grasshopper and a mudskipper.

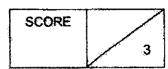


ACS (Junior) P3 Bite-sized 2 (2021)

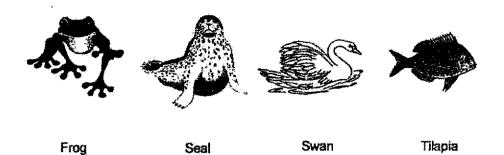
Give an example of animal Y.

(b)

(c)



5. The pictures show four animals.



(a) Tick */* the correct characteristic(s) for each animal in the table. The first one has been done for you. [2]

	Observation and the state of th		Tick	ć _n √n	
	Characteristic	Frog	Seal	Swan	Tilapia
	Reproduces by laying eggs.	4		1	1
(i)	Uses only gills to breathe.				
(ii)	Has an outer covering of hair.				
(iii)	Has an outer covering of feathers.				
(iv)	Breathes through moist skin and lungs.				

(b)	Both the seal and the swan have a unique characteristic that the other two animals do not have. What characteristic is it?	[1]

	
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	3

6. The pictures show mushroom G and bacteria H.







Bacteria H (magnified many times)

		(ma	ignified many times)	
(a)	Fill in the blanks us	sing the words in the box.			[2]
	feed	microorganism	respond	mould	
	microscope	reproduce	dead	fungi	
	Both mushroom G	and bacteria H can be for	ınd în our surroundi	ngs, Mushroom	
	G is a	. We cal	n see mushroom G	clearly but we	
	need to use a sp	ecial instrument to see	bacteria H clearly	because it is a	
		Both of them a	re living things whic	h need food, air	•
	and water to survi	ve. They	on ott	ner living things	
	which may be		or alive. Mushroom	G and bacteria	
	H can be both use	ful or harmful.			
(b)	Sue says that mus	hroom G is a plant. Do y	ou agree with her?	Explain why.	[1
	Name and the second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Harris Anna Article Control of the C			•
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			* · · ·	3	
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7. Riza observed mould S growing on bread and fungi T growing on a tree trunk.









Fungi T growing on a tree trunk

(a)	How do mould S and fungi T reproduce?	[1]
(b)	Based on the pictures, where do mould S and fungi T get their food?	[1]
	Mould S :	
	Fungi T:	
	Fungi I :	

(c) Riza observed and recorded the number of mushrooms growing on four different parts of a tree in the table.

Part of	Conditions	Num	oms	
the tree	Conditions	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3
A	Shady and dry	2	5	7
В	Shady and moist	4	10	15
С	Sunny and dry		1	2
D	Sunny and moist	1	3	4

Based on Riza's observations, which part of the tree is the most suitable for these mushrooms to grow? List the two conditions at this part or the tree.

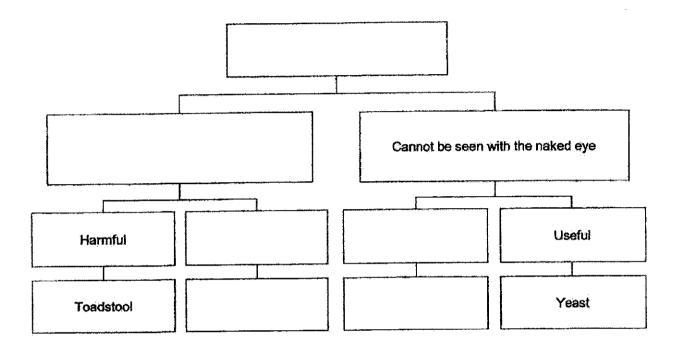
[1]

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	3

[2]

 (a) Use the most appropriate word or phrase to fill in each box in the classification chart. Use each word or phrase only once.

Fungi Bacteria Growing on tree trunk
Useful Bread mould Can be seen with the naked eye
Harmful Shitake mushroom Can only be seen using the microscope



(b) Tick */* the places that fungi can be found growing.

Place Tick "✓"

(i) On a rotting log in the field.

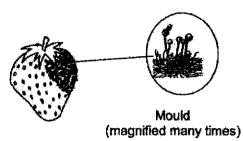
(ii) In a wet corner of the toilet.

(iii) On a sanitized metal door knob.

(iv) Inside a dry, clean and empty glass bottle.



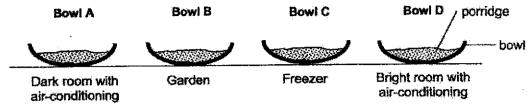
Mrs Lee left some strawberries in the cupboard for a few days. When she took it out
of the cupboard, she found mould growing on it.



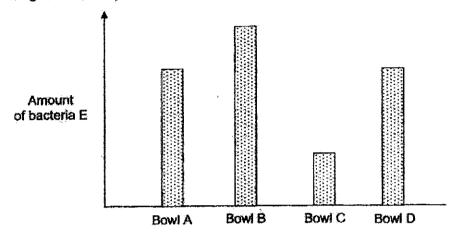
	Mrs Lee bought more strawberries. Tick "\" the best method to decrease the chances of mould growing on the strawberries after a few days.
	Method Tick "✓"
***************************************	Dry them and put them in the refrigerator.
	Soak them in water and put them on the table.
	Pack them in a plastic bag and put them in a box.
	Mould growing on fruit and causing them to spoil is an example of how microorganisms can be harmful to us.
	Give an example of how microorganisms can be useful to us.

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10. Sam made a pot of porridge. He put the same amount of porridge into four similar bowls and placed them at different places for two days.



Sam drew the bar graph based on the amount of bacteria E found in each bowl of porridge after two days.



- (a) Which bowl of porridge had the most amount of bacteria E after two days? [1]
- (b) Based on the results, which place is most suitable for Sam to store leftover porridge? Explain your answer. [1]
- (c) Based on the amount of bacteria E found in the porridge in bowls A and D, what can Sam conclude about the growth of bacteria E? Tick ** the correct conclusion.

	Conclusion	Tick "✓"
(i)	Light does not affect its growth.	
(ii)	It grows better in dark places than bright places.	
(iii)	It grows better in cool places than warm places.	

End of Paper

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SCHOOL: ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL (JUNIOR)

LEVEL : PRIMARY 3 SUBJECT : SCIENCE

TERM: BITE-SIZED ASSESSMENT 2

Q1	a)	Group A: Reptile
		Group B: Bird
	b)	Circle Snake
	c)	I agree, because the salamander has moist skin, but group A and B do
	<u> </u>	not have moist skin.
Q2	a)	i) F
		ii) F
		iii) T
		iv) T
	b)	The spide has eight legs but an insert has six legs.
Q3	a)	Circle Bat
	b)	Mammal
	c)	Mammals gives birth to their young alive.
Q4	a)	Grasshopper: Z
		Mudskipper: X
	b)	Animal W does not have six legs and do not reproduce by laying eggs.
	c)	eagle
Q5	a)	i) Tilapia
	-	ii) Seal
		iii) Swan
		iv) Frog
	b)	The seal and the swan are both warm blooded animals.
Q6	a)	Fungi
		Microorganism
		Feed
		Dead
	<u> </u>	No. Plants can make food, but mushroom cannot make food
Q7		Mould S and Fungi T reproduce by spores.
	b)	Mould S: Mould S get their food from the bread.
		Fungi T: Fungi T get their food from the tree trunk its growing on.
	+ <u>-</u> -	B. The two conditions are shady and moist.
8	a)	
<u></u>	<u> </u>	

